The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,623.

PRICE 3½d.] EDINBURGH, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8. 1789.

BANK OF SCOTLAND,
8th Oct. 1789.

THE General Meeting of Proprietors, on the 30th ult. having ordered a dividend of Profits on the Company's Capital Stock, for the half year ending the 27th of that month, the payment is, by the Court of Directors, appointed to commence on Tuesday next the 13th inst.

JAMES FRASER Sec.

UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH.

THE CLASSES for the different Branches of EDUCATION will be opened the ensuing Session as follows, under the inspection of the Rev. WILLIAM ROBERTSON, D.D. Principal.

I.—LITERATURE & PHILOSOPHY.

Classes.	Days and Hours of Opening.	Professors.
First Humanity, or Latin,	Mon. Oct. 12, 8 and 12.	Dr Hill.
Second Humanity,	Tues. Nov. 10, 11.	
First Greek,	Tues. Oct. 20, 10 and 1.	Mr Dalzel.
Second Greek,	Tues. Nov. 10, 8 and 2.	
First Mathematical,	Tues. Nov. 10, 9.	Mr Playfair.
Second Mathematical,	Wed. Nov. 11, 12.	
Third Mathematical,	Mon. Nov. 23, 8.	
First Philosophy or Logic,	Tues. Nov. 10, 1.	Mr Bruce.
Second Philosophy or Logic,	Mon. Nov. 16, 10.	
Moral Philosophy,	Mon. Nov. 23, 12.	Mr Stewart.
Natural Philosophy,	Wed. Oct. 28, 11.	Mr Robison.
Natural History,		Dr Walker.
Rhetoric and Belles Lettres,	Thurs. Nov. 12, 3.	Mr Greenfield.
Universal History,	Thurs. Nov. 12, 2.	MrFraserTytler.

II.—THEOLOGY.

Divinity Hall,	Tues. Nov. 17, 11.	Dr Hunter.
Church History,	Frid. Nov. 20, 2.	Dr Hardy.
Hebrew and Oriental Languages,	Tues. Nov. 17, 10 and 12.	Dr James Robertson.

III.—LAW.

Institutes and Pandects of the Civil Law,	Mon. Nov. 23, 11 and 2.	Mr Dick.
Scots Law,	Tues. Nov. 10, 2.	Mr Hume.
Public Law, & Law of Nature & Nations,	Mar. 8, 1790.	MrMaconochie.

IV.—MEDICINE.

Anatomy and Surgery,	Wednesday, Oct. 28,	1, —Dr Monro.
Chemistry and Chemical Pharmacy,		10, Dr Black.
Dietetics, Materia Medica, & Pharmacy,		11, Dr Home.
Theory of Physic,		8, —Dr Gregory.
Practice of Physic,		9, —Dr Cullen.
Theory & Practice of Midwifery,		3, Dr Hamilton.

CLINICAL LECTURES on the Cases of Patients in the Royal Infirmary, by Dr Gregory and Dr Home, on Tuesday and Friday, at five o'clock in the evening. The first lecture by Dr Gregory on Tuesday, Nov. 10.

Dr Rutherford will begin a COURSE of BOTANY in May 1790.

SURGEONS HALL, EDINBURGH,
10th Sept. 1789.

WHEREAS, by an act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for regulating the African Slave Trade, powers are granted to the Royal College of Surgeons to examine and give certificates to Surgeons of ships employed in that trade:—The College do therefore order intimation to be made in all the Edinburgh Newspapers, that they are to set apart the first Monday of every month for the examination of such Gentlemen as wish to apply for their diploma; and that it is desired they will call upon the President previous to the day of examination.

Extracted by
WILL. BALDERSTON Clk.

AN AMERICAN CARGO FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public auction in Lots, at the Yard immediately east from the Glass-house, Leith, on Saturday the 10th of October, at eleven o'clock forenoon,

THE following GOODS, being the entire CARGO of the MEHITABLE and MARY, Aaron Wingate Master, from Portsmouth, in the state of New Hampshire, viz.

Oak Timber,	White Oak Pipe Staves,	Tar,
Ditto Plank,	Ditto Hhd. Staves,	Pitch,
Pine Plank,	Ditto Barrel Staves,	Pot Ashes, &c.
Ditto Boards,	Ditto Heading,	Indigo.

The Oak Timber is of a high scantling, and particularly fit for mill-wrights, and the Pine Plank from 48 to 56 feet long.

The Mehitable and Mary is ready to take goods or passengers for Portsmouth aforesaid, and will sail about the 15th of October.

Apply to Ramsay, Williamson, and Co. Leith, or Mr John Ewen, Aberdeen.

NOTICE TO THE UNDERWRITERS,
And others interested in the
BRIGANTINE ENDEAVOUR.

ALL persons having claims upon the Brigantine Endeavour, Capt. Robertson, or her cargo, on a voyage from Clyde to Halifax, in the year 1781, are desired to lodge their claims, properly authenticated, with Alexander Campbell, writer in Glasgow, before the 1st of December next, in order that a division of the proceeds of said vessel and cargo may take take place.

Those who fail to lodge their claims so authenticated, against said day, will be cut off from any share of said proceeds, which are then, or soon after to be divided.

FOR LONDON,
THE LONDON,
(A New Ship)
RICHARD GARDNER Master,

Is taking in goods in Leith Harbour, and sails October 16. 1789, wind and weather serving.

The London is completely equipped for sea, has two cabbins fitted up in a very neat manner, with excellent accommodation for passengers, who may depend on the best usage.

The Master to be spoke with at the Exchange Coffeehouse, 'change hours, mornings on board the ship, or at his house in Leith.

BOARD AND EDUCATION
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
At MRS BARKER's, *Writer's Court, Edinburgh.*

BOARD, with all kinds of Needle-Work, Gum-Flowers, and Filligree, - 30 l. per annum.
Washing, - 15 s. per quarter.
Writing and Arithmetic, - 15 s. per ditto.
French, - 1 l. 1 s. per ditto,
Day-board, with all kinds of Needle-Work, - 4 l. per ditto.
Music, - 1 l. 1 s. per month.
Gum-Flowers and Filligree, 1 l. 1 s. per ditto.

Mrs BARKER acknowledges with gratitude the kindness she has hitherto received, and shall make it her study, by every attention to those entrusted to her care, to merit a continuance of the favour of her Friends and the Public.

IRISH & ENGLISH STATE-LOTTERIES, 1789.
RICHARDSON, GOODLUCK, AND CO.

RESPECTFULLY inform the Public, That the TICKETS and legal-stamped SHARES, in the above Lotteries, are now on Sale in variety of Numbers, at their original Offices, licensed by Government, at No. 104. CORNHILL, and opposite the King's Mews, Charing-Cross; where the greatest number of Capital Prizes, in former lotteries, have been sold and shared.

Irish State Lottery, Begins drawing Novem. 12. Present price of		*English State Lottery,* Begins drawing Feb. 22 1790 Present price of	
Half Share,	L. 3 13 0	Half Share,	L. 8 5 0
Fourth Share,	1 17 0	Fourth Share,	4 3 0
Eighth Share,	0 19 0	Eighth Share,	2 2 0
Sixteenth Share,	0 10 0	Sixteenth Share,	1 1 6

Tickets registered at sixpence each, and the earliest intelligence sent of their success.

Country Correspondents may have tickets and shares sent them, by remitting good bills payable at sight, or of a short date. All shares, sold at the above Offices, are stamped by Government, agreeable to act of Parliament, with the die containing the words, "State Lottery Stamp Office."

Money for the prizes will be paid at the above Offices as soon as drawn. Those in all former lotteries are now paid in full.

Government Securities of all kinds bought and sold by commission.

MAHOGANY.

To be Sold by Auction, within the Yard of WILLIAM SIBBALD and COMPANY, Merchants, Leith, on Friday the 9th current, at twelve o'clock noon.

A Considerable quantity of remarkable fine Jamaica MAHOGANY fit for sneering, imported in the Roselle, Robert Liddel master, lately arrived from Jamaica—To be put up in lots of two pieces for the conveniency of purchasers. The wood may be seen any time betwixt and the day of sale

SALE OF MILLINERY GOODS AT DUNDEE.

Upon Monday the 12th inst. at ten o'clock forenoon, there will be exposed to sale, by public roup, within the Tradeshall Dundee,

THE whole Stock of Goods lately belonging to Miss Jean Auchinleck milliner in Dundee, now to her Creditors, consisting of muslins, cambrick, laces, modes, persians, shawls, prints, ganzes, ribbons, gloves, linen, and a variety of other millinery goods. The roup to continue till all is sold off; and as they must be sold without reserve, great bargains may be expected.

WHALE OIL.

A QUANTITY from Forty to Fifty Tons very fine WHALE OIL, the produce of the Fishing of the ship Ocean, from Davis's Straits, to be SOLD by private bargain, on reasonable terms.

Apply to James and Andrew Tod, in Borrowstounness.

Borrowstounness, October 5. 1789.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the office of the East Lothian and Merse Whale Fishing Company at Dunbar, upon Thursday the 22d of October next, at two o'clock noon,

100 tons Whale Oil.
6 ditto Whale Fins. And
18 Seal Skins, very large.

The oil and Whale Fins to be put up in such lots as may be agreeable to purchasers, and a reasonable time for payment will be given.

A General Meeting of the said East Lothian and Merse Whale Fishing Company is to be held in the Town-house of Dunbar, upon Wednesday the 4th November next, at twelve o'clock noon, when all the partners, by themselves or proxies, are required to attend, as the Directors of said Company have matters of consequence to lay before them.

Dunbar, Sept. 28. 1789.

OVERSEER FOR MILNS.

A SUPERINTENDANT or OVERSEER is WANTED to take the charge of the Town of Perth's Milns; he must be well acquainted with manufacturing of flour and other grain; qualified to keep accompts, and well recommended as to his character, and his abilities in the line, and for care and sobriety. On applying to Mr James Ramsay merchant in Perth, or to Mr James Buchan writer to the signet, he will meet with every suitable encouragement. He must be ready to enter upon his charge by the 11th of November next.

KIRKCUDBRIGHT GAME-DUTY.

LIST of Game Certificates and Deputations issued by the Steward-clerk of Kirkcudbright, from the 7th of July to the 30th of September 1789, pursuant to act of Parliament.

Blair, John, Esq. of Boreland, Lieut. of the 3d Reg. of foot,
Copland, William, Esq. of Collieston,
Daer, the Right Hon. Lord, St Mary Isle,
Douglas, the Hon. Dunbar, St Mary Isle,
Gordon, Capt. Adam, at Kinmore,
Hannay, William, Esq. of Bargatty,
Hannay, Johnston, Esq. of Torrs,
Heron, Patrick, Esq. of Heron,
Hunter, James, Esq. of Lockrinny,
Laurie, William, Esq. younger of Barnsoul,
M'Farlane, John, Esq. Newton-Stewart,
Smith, John, Esq. writer, Kirkcudbright,
Sproat, David, Esq. of Portmary,
Stewart, William, Esq. of London,
Thomson, Adam, Esq. of Muncraig,
Thomson, John, jun. Esq. residing at Boreland.

DEPUTATIONS.

David Giler, Gamekeeper to John Gordon, Esq. of Kinmore,
William M'Lachine—to Patrick Heron, Esq. of Heron,
David M'Culloch—to David M'Culloch, Esq. of Ardwall,
John Alexander—to William Hannay, Esq. of Bargatty,
Bailie James Hannay—to Johnston Hannay, Esq. of Torrs.

KIRKCUDBRIGHT, JA. NIVEN.
Sept. 30. 1789.

By order of his Majesty's Commissioners for managing the Stamp-duties,
JOHN BRETTEL Sec.

HABERDASHERY.
ARCHIBALD AND JOHN MACKINLAY,
Corner of South Bridge,

BEG leave most respectfully to inform their Friends and the Public, that one of the Partners is just returned from London, with a large and Fashionable Assortment of
HABERDASHERY AND MILLINERY GOODS,
In particular of

Printed Calicoes,	Dimitties,	Black Modes,
Muslins,	Muslinets,	and Laces.

The assortment is considerable, and the Public may depend on their being sold reasonable.

They still continue to sell Messrs Biggars and Company's Linens at the reduced prices.

EDUCATION.
MR M'KEAN

GIVES notice to his Friends and the Public, That he is MOVED from Bristo-street to the
SOUTH BRIDGE, No. 35.
Where he has opened CLASSES for

WRITING,	AND
ARITHMETIC,	BOOK-KEEPING.

Public Classes will be open the greater part of the forenoon, as he intends to receive a few only at one time.

Edinburgh—OCT. 1.

EXCISE-OFFICE, Edinburgh—Oct. 6. 1789.
By order of the Hon.
COMMISSIONERS OF EXCISE.

On Friday the 16th of October inst. at twelve o'clock noon, there will be exposed to sale by public auction, at the Excise warehouse in Leith,

ABOUT 1000 lbs. of BLACK TEA, of different qualities, and contained in various packages, seized and condemned as forfeited.

The goods, which will be put up in lots, and the conditions of sale, to be seen at the above-mentioned warehouse, on the day preceding and morning of the day of sale.

MADEIRA WINE.

WILLIAM GRINLAY, Broker in Leith, will expose to sale by auction, on Tuesday the 13th of October 1789, at twelve o'clock noon, in Gibb's Coffeehouse, Shore of Leith,

SEVEN PIPES MADEIRA WINE,
London particular——in lots of one pipe,

This wine was transported from Madeira to the West-Indies, and lay a considerable time there before it was imported into this country.

Samples of the wine and conditions of sale may be seen by applying to W. Grinlay, any time betwixt and the day of sale.

Leith—Oct. 6. 1789.

COPARTNERY DISSOLVED.

THE Copartnery of WILLIAM COULTER and CO. Manufacturers and Hosiers in Edinburgh, was this day *dissolved* by mutual consent; and the trade in future will be carried on by William Coulter, who is authorised to collect and discharge the debts due to the Company.

Edinburgh, *W. Coulter.*
October 30. 1789. *L. Croft.*

It is requested, that those who are indebted to said Company, will immediately order payment of their accounts.

TO BE LET,
Till Whitsunday next,

PARTLY furnished, consisting of a parlour, dining room, and drawing-room, on the ground floor; four bed rooms and two bed-closets above stairs; a kitchen, servants hall, and three servants rooms, a stable for four horses, coach-house, and several other offices.

For particulars, enquire at Mess. Young and Trotter, Prince's Street.

OIL AND PAPER MILLS,
At Milnab, near Crieff.

On Friday the 30th October 1789, at 3 o'clock afternoon, within the house of John Campbell vintner in Perth, there will be exposed to sale by public roup,

THE benefit of the lease of the oil and paper mills, upon the farm of Milnab, lying near to Crieff, for thirty-four years after Martinmas 1789, with the machinery, apparatus, and other appurtenances thereof. These milns are constructed under one roof, are well supplied with water, and lye in a convenient situation for business. The purchaser's entry will be immediately after the roup.

The articles of roup will be seen in the hands of James Paton Sheriff Clerk of Perthshire.

Office of Inspector of Lottery Offices, at the Stamp-office in London.

WHEREAS it appears by an advertisement signed *Shergold and Co.* as proprietors of an unlicensed Lottery Office in Lombard Street—That One Hundred Guineas reward will be given by them to any person of the name of *Shergold* to appear as the owner, of that office, by the name of *Hugh, Henry*, or *Humphry Shergold*; and whereas there is not any person of the name of Shergold, licensed to deal in Lottery tickets, all chances, shares, or agreements, signed *Shergold*, are therefore illegal, and nothing can be recovered thereon; notice is hereby given to all Riders, Printers, Shopkeepers, and others their agents whatever, in the different Country Towns and other parts of Great Britain, that all and every person or persons who shall be found selling any such, or any other illegal chances, shares, or agreements in the Lottery, shall be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law, and all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Bailliffs, Constables, Headboroughs, and other Civil Officers within their respective jurisdictions are strictly required by the act of 27 of his present Majesty, c. 1. to use their utmost endeavours to prevent the committing of any of the offences above mentioned. And the Public are hereby requested to give their assistance, by sending information to this office of the persons that may be found offending as aforesaid.

T. WOOD,
Inspector of Lottery Offices.

TO BE LET,

For any number of years not exceeding nineteen, and entered to at Martinmas 1789, or Whitsunday 1790,

THE SHEEP FARMS of EASTEND and THANKERTON, lying in the parishs of Carmichael and Covington, and shire of Lanark. The stock on the farms are also to be disposed of.

Apply to Maurice Carmichael, Esq; at Eastend, for particulars, who will receive offers.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

SALE OF A HOUSE & SHOP IN EDINBURGH,
For behoof of Creditors.

To be Sold by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 20th day of November next, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

THAT Large SHOP, with two apartments behind, lying on the south side of the Cowgate, Edinburgh, opposite the foot of the Old Fish-market Close, as lately possessed by James Frazer, shoemaker, the former proprietor, and now by Alexander M'Nab, grocer.

For further particulars, apply to Mr John Frazer, merchant, Grass-market, Edinburgh, trustee upon the said James Frazer's sequestrated estate; or to George Tod, writer in Edinburgh.

MONEY TO BE LENT:
TO BE LENT,
At Martinmas next,

SEVERAL SUMS from 3000 l. to 5000 l. on Heritable or undoubted Personal Security.

Apply to Archibald Tod, writer to the signet, George's Square.

TO BE SOLD,
At Mr Smith's Stables, North Bridge,

A CAPITAL HUNTER, master of any weight, one of the first leapers in the kingdom. Also,

An elegant CHESNUT MARE, a capital galloper, able to carry twelve stone up with any hounds. If required, credit will be given till Whitsunday next.

For farther particulars, enquire of Mr Smith.

SPILSBURY'S DROPS.

THE amazing reputation which Mr Spilsbury's Drops have gained, by the numerous extraordinary Cures performed thereby, respecting those irritating maladies arising from the Scurvy, Gout, Rheumatism, Evil, Slow Fevers, Ulcers, Childrens Eruptions, Humours after the Small Pox, &c. will readily account for the rapid sale of so valuable a remedy.—Another Box of 5 s. and 22 s. Bottles is now received by JOHN CAW, Lawn Market, who can oblige persons with a perusal of Mr Spilsbury's Treatise on the Scurvy Gout, &c. the 24th edit. illustrated with an hundred Cures

FRANCE.

As the following extract of a letter from a Gentleman in Brittany, conveys a pretty general idea of the present state of the French Provinces, we flatter ourselves it will be highly acceptable to our Readers.

It is from familiar details like this, that more real information is to be drawn than from the tedious narrations with which the public are daily harrassed.

QUIMPER, *in* BRITTANY, *Sept.* 21.

When I left England, the Revolution in France was generally spoken of—'tis also the case here; and, what is more, it is felt. I must confess, that I found my country quite altered—we are as free in our conversation and actions, as you are in England; and I think we go beyond bounds; for liberty here seems to be changed, in some degree, into licentiousness; insomuch, that one might be led to think the Revolution will not turn out so well as was at first expected.

Our National Assembly is divided in its opinions on a great many points; however, in the expectation of seeing things settled, every man, from the age of fifteen to that of sixty, is armed. Every town has its regiment or regiments, and now it is not a matter of surprise to see an old man of fifty-five years of age, learning how to carry his gun, of the advantages of which knowledge he is likely to avail himself in the world to come, provided there are such things there.

But you will perhaps ask of me why they are armed here?—it is not to guard themselves, as the troops do; they have taken the oath to be faithful subjects, and have done the same.

All descriptions of people wear the National Cockade—Priests, Capuchins, &c. &c. and we frequently see a cobler and a Nobleman in the same rank, in a company formed for the above purpose.

Such is the present situation of France, which I can assure you is very alarming. But we live in hopes of seeing better times.

PARIS, *September* 27.

The first object every morning in the National Assembly is reading an account of the gifts made either in money, plate, or other matters of value, for the service of the state. And those now begin to amount to a very considerable sum.

On Tuesday, it was agreed to admit two representatives for the island of Guadaloupe.

On Wednesday they again entered on the constitution.

After much deliberation on the manner of wording them, the following articles were adopted:

"The supreme executive power resides exclusively in the hands of the King.

"All powers flow essentially from the nation, from which alone they can flow.

"The legislative power resides in the National Assembly, who shall exercise it as follows:

"No act of the legislative body shall be considered as a law, if it is not made by the representatives of the nation, freely and legally elected, and if it is not sanctioned by the King.

"The judiciary power shall in no case be exercised by the King nor the legislative body; but justice shall be administered in the name of the King, only by the tribunals established by the law, according to the principle of the constitution, and according to forms determined by the law."

Another important operation of the Assembly has been their decision, in regard to the Gabelle on Salt duty.

"The Gabelle is to be totally suppressed, as soon as an equivalent tax shall be concerted and fixed with the Provincial Assemblies. In the mean time, it shall be sold in the magazines at six sols (three pence) a-pound, without any augmentation of the price in those provinces where it has been sold at a lower rate. No officer shall enter into any house under pretence of searching."

Both of the Comte d'Artois' sons yet remain at Brussels, under the care of their tutor.

Before the French mails came away, it was suggested in Paris to send all the unconsecrated church-plate to the mint, in order to be melted down for supplying the necessities of the nation. The unconsecrated plate consists of the *pyx* and its consecrated plate contents [the *pyx* is the box in which are preserved the Chalice and the Host] and the communion plate.

The National Assembly has been very justly called the *Tower of Babel*, from the *confusion of tongues* that prevails there. And, like Babel, the edifice they are attempting to rear, may be found too *lofty* to endure!

Security of property is the support of the merchant, and how can that security be procured where confusion and anarchy reign?

Several capital houses at Bourdeaux, Rouen, &c. have lately failed, whose credit before the present troubles was unbounded.

LONDON GAZETTE, Oct. 3.

St James's, *September* 30.

THIS day M. Lavezzari, Resident from the Republic of Venice, had his first private audience of his Majesty, to deliver his Credentials:

To which he was introduced by his Grace the Duke of Leeds, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, *October* 1.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint Spiridion Foresti, Esq; to be his Majesty's Consul at Zante, in the room of Peter Sargint, Esq; deceased: And

William England, Esq; to be his Majesty's Consul at Malta.

St Petersburgh, *September* 4.

Advices were received here yesterday from the Commander in Chief of the army in Finland, that the Swedes had repassed the Kymen, and had entirely evacuated the Russian territory.

Stockholm, *September* 8.

Accounts were received here this morning, that the King of Sweden had quitted the neighbourhood of Hogfors, and fallen back to the frontiers of his own dominions. The Russians attempted to cut off the Swedish garrison in their retreat; in which they would probably have succeeded, had it not been for the spirited efforts of a battalion of the West-Gotha-Dal Regiment, who prevented the landing of the enemy's troops that had been embarked in thirteen gallies, with a view to effect a descent at some distance from that fortress.

A report having been spread, that the Russians had formed the project of sending a part of their coasting fleet, with troops, to attempt a landing near this capital, orders have been issued for arming and disciplining the city militia; and every necessary precaution is taken for the defence of the neighbouring coasts.

Berlin, *September* 15.

The difference between the Russian and Swedish accounts received here of the action between the two coasting fleets, on the 24th ult. is so great as to make it extremely difficult to form a just idea of the result, or of the consequences which may ensue; but upon the whole it is believed that the Swedish galleys, which made good their retreat, are not rendered unfit for service; and that they are sufficiently numerous to prevent the Russians from having a decided superiority. This opinion is confirmed by the certainty of the King of Sweden's having received a considerable reinforcement of troops and stores, which make his force by land superior to that of Russia, and may enable him to support himself during the few remaining weeks that this campaign can last.

[This Gazette contains a congratulatory Address to his Majesty from the Established Schoolmasters in Scotland.]

BANKRUPT.

Thomas Marshall of Gosport, in the county of Southampton, linen-draper.

FRANCE.

Paris, *Sept.* 27.

Passed a Decree, founded on the motion of M. Anson, by which all privileges exempting individuals from taxation, are henceforth suppressed; and all Rectories and Curacies subjected to a deduction apportioned to the expences of the State.

The National Assembly, having considered the urgency of circumstances, and read the Report of the Committee of Finance, accepts confidentially the plan proposed by the first Minister of Finance.

The Assembly sat this day from nine in the morning till half an hour past seven in the evening.

The Marquis de Montesquieu opened the debate, by reading a plan of administration drawn up by the Committee of Finance, in which were proposed the following resolutions:

	Livres.
The Household of the King, Queen and Princes	8,000,000
Foreign Department	8,300,000
War ditto	8,900,000
Marine ditto	2,000,000
Finance ditto	1,000,000
Pensions, besides the reductions already made	6,000,000
Intendants and Delegates	1,800,000
Registers and Farmers-General	2,600,000
Mint	1,700,000
Premiums and encouragements to trade	600,000
The Royal Gardens	36,000
——— Library	62,000
——— Stud *(to be suppressed)*	200,000
Contingencies	2,500,000
Fund reserved for Lotteries to be suppressed	173,000
Plantation of Forests	817,000
Clergy	2,502,000
Charities	5,511,000
Livres	53,301,000

It next proposed to establish two public banks; one at the disposal of the executive power, with an annual receipt of 205 millions of livres, the amount of the national expenditure after the above reductions; the other with an unalienable revenue of 273 millions charged with the interest of the national debt, and the expences of the provinces, the former of which was estimated at 240 millions, and the latter at 29.

A motion was made to carry all the plate of the churches to the mint, for the benefit of the public.

The Archbishop of Paris immediately said, that the clergy, who had often succoured the State in times of distress, were still ready to make the greatest sacrifices for the good of their country; and that they willingly gave up all the church plate, reserving only as much as was necessary for divine worship.

This patriotic proposal was received with general applause, but necessarily gave place to the main question.

M. de Mirabeau proposed an unqualified assent to the minister's plan. As it was much too extensive to be fully discussed in a short time, it was absolutely necessary to confide in the wisdom of its author. If it should fail, all Europe would exculpate the National Assembly, and the blame would fall on M. Necker. If it should succeed, the merit and the honour would be exclusively his.

The motion was carried, as stated above, by 405 voices against 127.

In the evening, the decree respecting the revenue was carried, as drawn up by M. Anson, with some amendments.

September 28.

M. Mounier was elected President, by 364 voices against 235.

The monks of St Martin des Champs, of Paris, (Benedictines) made an offer of their effects, possessions, and revenues, and the services of all their fraternity, to the State. To apprize the Assembly of the value of this offer, they stated, that their order consists of two hundred and eighty persons, distributed in thirty-six houses: That their revenue amounts to 1,800,000 livres, one half of which goes to abbeys and priories held *in commendam*; that their houses are worth about four millions: That, by the sale of all their domains, allowing a pension of 1500 livres to each monk, the state will gain immediately an annual revenue of 900,000 livres, which will gradually double as the pensioners die off; and that, for thus laying all their fortunes, all their hopes, on the altar of their country, the only favour they ask is to be allowed to mix with their fellow-citizens, and to be employed, each according to his talents, as public teachers, or officiating priests.

A decree was passed, declaring *le Droit de Franc-Fief* to be suppressed by virtue of the abolition of the feudal system, and annulling all process of recovery that may have been had upon it.

September 29.

M. Thouret read a plan for a general national representation, drawn up by the Committee of Constitution, which was received with strong marks of approbation, and ordered to be printed. It is in substance as follows:

1st, France shall be divided into eighty grand divisions, or counties, of eighteen leagues in length by eighteen leagues in breadth, each.

2d, Each grand division into nine commonalties of six leagues by six.

3d, Each commonalty into nine cantons, of two leagues by two.

4th, All Frenchmen born, come of age, residing in one place for one year, not of servile condition, and paying a direct tax, to the value of three days labour, shall be admitted to the primary Assemblies.

5th, Each Member shall attend in person, and no man shall be a Member of two Assemblies at the same time.

6th, There shall be one Assembly at least in each canton.

7th, When the inhabitants of a canton shall exceed six hundred, there shall be several.

8th, When the inhabitants shall amount to nine hundred, each Assembly shall consist of four hundred and fifty voters; and if to ten hundred and fifty, one Assembly shall consist of six hundred, and the other of four hundred and fifty.

9th, The Primary Assemblies shall send Deputies directly to the Assembly of their respective commonalty.

10th, Who, besides the above qualifications, shall pay a direct tax, to the value of nine days labour.

11th, A Deputy shall be chosen for every two hundred voters.

12th, The Assemblies of the commonalties shall form, by their Deputies, the Assembly of their respective grand division.

13th, In each commonalty, a Deputy shall be chosen for every twenty-seventh of the population, one for every twenty-seventh of the land, and one for every twenty-seventh of the public contribution.

14th, The National Assembly shall consist of seven hundred and twenty Members, viz. two hundred and forty for the land, two hundred and forty for the public contribution, and two hundred and forty for the population.

15th, The Deputies of the National Assembly shall not be capable of being re-elected till after the interval of one legislature.

N. B. Paris and its liberties to form a supernumerary grand division.

M. Target then explained a plan from the same Committee, for regulating the functions of the Legislative Body, and the Executive Power, which was a third Member of the Committee proposed a decree for establishing the responsibility of Ministers.

In the evening, M. Treilhard read the draught of a decree, for applying the church plate to the use of the public; but the patriotic enthusiasm which induced the Clergy to assent to this proposition, on Saturday, having had time to cool, it was now warmly opposed.

To touch the plate of the churches, it was said, without a previous indemnification, would be a sacrilegious robbery of the Temple of God. The wealth of the churches, according to St Ambrose, appertained not to the nation, but to the Ministers of the Lord. The piety of the people would be alarmed, who were never so devout as when kneeling before the silver images in their churches, and would not tamely suffer any outrage against them. Francis I. repaid what he took from the church of St Bernard; and Lewis XV. had done a similar act of justice.

The debate, supported by such arguments on one side, lasted for three hours; and in consequence of an error in the mode of drawing up the decree, the decision was postponed till next sitting.

A letter was read from the Jews, many of whom had been driven from Alsace into Switzerland; and the President was directed to write to the municipality of Strasburg, in the name of the Assembly, recommending them to the protection of the executive power, as equally entitled to the benefit of the law with the rest of his Majesty's subjects.

It was proposed, as a mark of respect, to print the letter containing the generous and patriotic offer of the Monks of Saint-Martin-des-Champs. But the proffered renunciation was by no means agreeable to the Clergy; and the motion was opposed, particularly by the Cardinal de la Rochefoucault, and the Bishops of Clermont and Nancy, who maintained that the Clergy, being only non-fructuaries of their possessions, the Monks of St Martin had no right to alienate the endowments of their order. The motion was put to the vote, and, after three divisions, carried in the affirmative.

The astonishment of every considering man is raised to the utmost height at the mode proposed by M. Necker to rescue France from her distresses; it is impossible that *he* can seriously believe they will save her from that ruin which every moment brings nearer, and appears more and more inevitable. He is merely temporizing, and wishes for the present moment to avert that dreadful event which must occur the next. The payment of the Caisse d'Escompte cannot continue many days longer.

Some reports, exceedingly unfavourable to the city of Thoulouse, have been circulated for some days past, not only at Versailles, but in the National Assembly. These accounts stated, that the city had enlisted 20,000 men; that a solemn protest had been entered by the inhabitants against the decrees of the National Assembly, and that they had compelled the officers of their Parliament to resume their functions according to the old forms.

Arrêt *of the* Council *of* State *of the* King *of* France, *of September* 20. *authorising the Directors of Monies to receive the Plate, which shall be freely sent to the Hotel of Monies.*

"The King is informed, that the effects of the extreme want of coin appear more and more every day. This scarcity is owing to the delay evident in the recovery of imposts, which have generally been paid in ready money. It is likewise owing to the effects of exaggerated apprehensions; to the decrease of the trade of exportation; to the considerable purchases that have been made of corn; to the emigration of a number of French families, who have drawn from the funds of the kingdom in order to acquit their expences; and to the diminution of foreign travellers whom our internal troubles have driven from this country. These are the causes which render coin so scarce at Paris and in the provinces. We have been for a long time embarrassed to provide for the expences which are necessary to be defrayed in actual cash, such as the money requisite to be advanced for the troops, and other objects. His Majesty, constantly informed of these difficulties, has sent to the Mint all his plate, the melting of which, on occasion of the high price of the work, will not occasion too great a loss. The Queen has taken the same determination: the Ministers have followed these examples, and his Majesty understands, that various persons in the present circumstances of affairs are disposed to give proofs of their desire of aiding the finances. In consequence, having heard the report, the King, being in Council, has authorised the Directors of the Mint to receive the plate and trinkets of gold and silver that shall be there presented, of which they will give receipts.—These receipts shall be seen by the Deputy Controllers, and they shall be reimburseable according to the price and manner at which they shall be fixed after having been inspected by the National Assembly.

"The plate and trinkets which should have been carried to the Hotel of Monies, both at Paris and in its provinces, shall be immediately converted into coin, and conveyed to the Royal Treasury, where it shall remain according to its order. And the Directors shall keep a double register of the names of the persons who shall have given such proofs of their zeal on the occasion; one of which registers shall be conveyed to the first Minister of Finances, in order to be submitted to the inspection of his Majesty."

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Berlin, *September* 24. The King, our sovereign, marks with the most scrutinous exactness, every step taken by the different powers of Europe, for reasons too obvious to need any explanation. The military forces of this country, exceeds at present 110,000 effective men. The King takes on himself generally the appointing winter quarters, and other situations; and, in consequence, the soldiers are much more comfortably provided for than heretofore."

Cherson.

Letters received at Plymouth, from Cherson, dated as far back as the 28th August last, mention, that every thing was quiet there, and that the Russian army had taken the field as early as July, and were then encamped.

The following promotions had taken place in the army:

An English volunteer, of the name of Cobley, for his gallantry at the siege of Oczakow last campaign, and other services, received the thanks of Prince Potemkin, his General, and was, by the Empress of Russia's orders, promoted to the rank of Major de Regiment des Chasseurs de Bog.

All the other English volunteers had promotions according to their different degrees of merit.

Admiral Mordwinoff, Vice Admiral of the Empress of Russia's fleet, and Commander in Chief in the Black Sea, was, with his fleet and the garrison, in perfect health, and there was not any apprehensions of the Turks attempting Cherson this campaign.

LONDON, ——October 5.

On Saturday, after breakfast, his Majesty prepared

The stag was turned out beyond General Hodgson's, and afforded excellent sport.

He crossed the Thames at Surby Hall, which obliged all the sportsmen to drive through Windsor and Eton.

The animal again crossed the river at Crookham, and was at length taken at Lord Inchiquin's.

His Majesty expressed himself infinitely diverted with the cynegetics of the day.

Lord Chesterfield accompanied his Majesty in the hunt—but the King soon outrode him; his Lordship is still at Windsor—immensely fatigued.

Friday, at noon, a meeting of the Cabinet Ministers was held at the Secretary of State's office for foreign affairs, Whitehall, which was attended by Mr Pitt, the Duke of Leeds, Earl Camden, Lord Hawkesbury, and Mr Grenville, which continued till one o'clock, when several of the foreign Ministers transacted business with his Grace the Duke of Leeds; and, in the evening, his Grace dispatched one of his messengers with letters to his Majesty at Windsor-Lodge.

Same day, at two o'clock, Mr Grenville dispatched letters from his office in the Treasury, Whitehall, to the State-Officers of Ireland, and, soon after three o'clock, he accompanied Mr Pitt from the Treasury to his seat at Holwood-House, Kent, where they dined.

Same day, at noon, a messenger arrived at the Duke of Leeds's Office, Whitehall, with dispatches from Lord Robert Fitzgerald, Secretary to the Embassy at the Court of France, which were immediately forwarded to the King at Windsor-Lodge by one of the Duke's Messengers.

A report is prevalent in Ireland, and circulated in the public papers of that kingdom, that his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester is to meet the new Parliament as Lord Lieutenant.

If this appointment should take place, great as the rank of the Royal Personage above mentioned is, it is not without a precedent. In the time of King Richard II. Thomas of Woodstock, Duke of Gloucester, was appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland in the year 1393; and, in the year 1401, in the reign of Henry IV. Thomas Duke of Lancaster, a son of the King's, was appointed to this office.—The first of those Princes (the Duke of Gloucester), however, though appointed, never went over in that capacity; and here perhaps the precedent may more exactly tally.

Already it is said to be settled that the Duke of Dorset is to resume his situation as Steward of the Household; and that Lord Auckland is to go Ambassador to France.

By the death of the Duke of Chandos, the late Lord Steward of the Royal Household, the Minister has got in his gift one of the prettiest *douceurs* about Court.

The Lord Stewardship of the Household is an employment of great trust, dignity, and antiquity, having the sole direction of the King's House below stairs. He has no formal grant of the office, but receives the charge immediately from the King in person, who delivering to him a white wand, the symbol of his office, says, "*Seneschal, tenez le baton de notre maison.*"

His authority extended over the following great offices, most of which, however, are now abolished, viz. the Treasurer, Comptroller, Cofferer, Master of the Household, Clerk of the Board of Green Cloth, and Clerks Comptrollers of ditto, and all the inferior officers.

By this office, he precedes all Dukes, except those of the Blood Royal. He is always a Member of the Privy Council; and at the meeting of every new Parliament, all the Members must take the oaths by law appointed before the Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household, or some person deputed by him for that purpose.

At the end of each Session of Parliament, he adjusts the Parliament expences, &c.

His salary is 100 l. per year wages, and 1360 l. per year board wages, but altogether it is computed at about 2000 l. a year.

The late Duke, James Brydges Duke of Chandos, succeeded William Earl of Dartmouth, in this high office, December 26, 1783.

Great expectations are raised in Rome on the subject of the concealed treasures of the Jesuits. The discovery of this secret has been made by a Piedmontese Ecclesiastick, who is permitted to dig for it at his pleasure; though always under the inspection of the Pope's Guards. The sum is thirty millions of zechins, and the repository is the vineyard of Macao, the villa Antonina, and the villa Paganica.

His Majesty having taken into consideration the necessary expence of furnishing Carleton-house in a suitable style of magnificence, and to which the revenues of the Prince are obviously unequal, has graciously issued directions that estimates may be prepared of the furniture necessary to each apartment, and sufficiently splendid to mark the residence of the Heir Apparent. In consequence of these orders, two gentlemen have been employed, for some time past, for this purpose. The different tradesmen have been consulted, and the estimates are at present nearly finished. When the palace is in readiness, and the furniture completed, his Royal Highness will have his regular Levees, which have hitherto been deferred on this occasion.

An immediate dissolution of the present Parliament was certainly lately on the tapis, but the measure was over-ruled in the Cabinet by one dissenting voice. This event will, however, take place about the month of March next, after passing the mutiny, money, and other necessary Government bills—at least such is the present determination.

The Lord Chancellor continues firmly to oppose a dissolution, on this idea, that should that event take place now, the Minister will be too fatally convinced that his popularity is not so great as he may imagine.

Every thing has the appearance of an approaching dissolution of Parliament: the same mode of conduct is adopted now as was made use of previous to the last dissolution, that of paying the King's Household their wages, which at other times are generally three quarters in arrears.

There is no truth in the report made by some of the prints, that Mrs Jordan was recently delivered of *twins*; that the little *Empress of comic smiles* is pregnant, is certain—and unfortunately for the dramatic world, she is so far advanced, as to render a professional engagement at this time unadviseable.

Earl of Huntingdon.

On Friday afternoon died, at Lord Rawdon's house, in Portman-square, in the 61st year of his age, the Right Honourable Francis Hasting's, Earl of Huntingdon, Lord Hastings, one of his Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and a Fellow of the Royal Society.

It had been his Lordship's custom, during the present illness of the Countess of Huntingdon, his mother, (which her Ladyship is not expected to survive,) affectionately to visit her daily. He had done so on Friday, and returned to Lord Rawdon's, where of late he resided, in perfect health and spirits. He had company to dine with him, and was observed to sit down to table remarkably cheerful, when, on a sudden, he changed countenance, sunk into Colonel Doyle's arms, and instantly expired.

His Lordship, dying unmarried, the title is extinct. The late Earl was appointed Master of the Horse to his present Majesty, when his household was first established as Prince of Wales; which very honourable, distinguished, and enviable situation, his Lordship held some years after his Majesty came to the throne.

On the appointment of Lord Bute to the head of the Treasury, his Lordship succeeded him as Groom of the Stole—a post in which he remained till the administration of the Duke of Grafton, when his Lordship quitted his office, in which he was succeeded by the Earl of Bristol. His Lordship held no subsequent post or employment under Government.

When virtue adorns Nobility, death becomes the harbinger of grief to thousands. The breast that acknowledges and fulfils filial duties, is rarely defective in any other. The tenderness and dutiful attention of his Lordship to his mother, forms one treat in his amiable character. He was indulgent to the weakness he lamented; but had too much pity, or too high a sense of parental prerogative, in any respect to restrain it.

His Lordship added to Benevolence, and those amiable virtues that endear us to society, the greatest accomplishments, and in an eminent degree.

He was the *Eleve* of the celebrated Lord Chesterfield, and, like him, the pattern of Politeness, and the favourite of the Graces.

His Lordship resided some considerable time at Madrid, where he was greately admired. But it still remains a problem, whether he was more beloved or respected; and whether the share of attachment and respect, so universally attributed to him, prevailed most at home or abroad. He ranked as *third* Earl of the Kingdom.

A very near relation, a Colonel in the army, has lately taken the name of Hastings, by permission to his Lordship; but it is presumed the principal share of his fortune will devolve on Lord Rawdon, the son of his sister, the Countess of Moira.

Yesterday Lord Rawdon, who was sent for express, arrived in town to perform the last solemn duties to his great and venerable relation.

Lately died, Thomas Day, Esq; of Anningsley, near Chertsey; the celebrated Author of the History of Sandford and Merton, and other works. His death was occasioned by a fall from his horse, on Monday last, at Bear-hill, near Reading, where he was on a visit at his mother's.

Mrs Siddons is not engaged at Drury-Lane Theatre, nor is it supposed she will appear this season.

Saturday night, Sept. 26, a shock of an earthquake was felt at Wenlock, in Shropshire, and its vicinity, which greatly terrified the inhabitants. The plates on the shelves in several houses were visibly shook.

On the 19th ult. about four o'clock in the afternoon, during a heavy storm of thunder and lightning, a ball of a most tremendous size, fell on the out buildings belonging to Mr Wells, of Armscote, between Shipstone and Stratford-upon-Avon, which totally destroyed the same, and a stable adjoining; consisting of about eight bays, containing fifty bags of wheat; a considerable quantity of barley and beans, together with a waggon, two carts, sundry implements of husbandry, and two fine fat pigs.

Robſon, the bookſeller, has purchaſed a library at Nice, equally as large and valuable as the Pinelli collection.

One of the officers ſuſpended by the King of Sweden, on ſuſpicion of cowardice, is Lieutenant Colonel Baron Funck!

On Tueſday laſt arrived from France, where he has been for ſome time, James Boſwell, Eſq.

LIVERPOOL, *October* 1.

The principal manufacturers of tobacco in this town, being fearful of ſubjecting themſelves to unavoidable pains and penalties, have unanimouſly reſolved not to carry on their manufactories, from yeſterday the 30th ult. to the 10th inſt. at which time the new duties are put upon tobacco.

SCOTLAND.

A correſpondent has favoured us with the following ſtate of the Carron Manufacture in Scotland, the greateſt perhaps known in the world:—The weekly conſumption of coals amounts to 11,000 tons, at 4s. per ton; and the conſumption each day is equal to the city of Edinburgh during a whole week. As many coals, therefore, are conſumed in the Carron founderies as would ſuffice to ſupply a city of 80,000 inhabitants. A thouſand workmen are daily employed in this manufactury, whoſe wages amount to 700l. per week, and 36,400l. per annum. The demands from abroad, and particularly from Spain, continue yearly to increaſe.

The ſame correſpondent informs us, that the much-praiſed Carolina graſs has been tried in many parts of Scotland, but always unſucceſsfully.

PRICES OF STOCKS, Oct. 5.

Bank Stock, ſhut.	Ditto Ann. —
3 per cent. red. ſhut.	Ditto Bonds, 106 prem.
Ditto con. 80¼ a ⅜.	South Sea Stock, —
Ditto 1726, —	Ditto Old Ann. —
4 per cent. con. ſhut.	New ditto, 79¼.
5 per cent. 118¼ a ⅜ a ½.	3 per cent. 1751, —
Bank Long. Ann. —	New Navy, and Victualling Bills, ¼ diſc.
Short 1777, —	Exchequer bills, —
Ditto 1778, 1779, —	Lottery Tickets, 15 l. 19 s. 6 d.
Tontins, —	
India Scrip. 6 s. prem.	

WIND AT DEAL, Oct. 4. W.

EDINBURGH.

Tueſday laſt, the Lord Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and Town-Council, walked in proceſſion, preceded by the Town Officers bare-headed, and the proper Officers bearing the City Regalia, from the Council chamber to the High Church, where they heard an excellent diſcourſe by the Rev. Dr Thomas Hardy, one of the miniſters of this city, from St. Matthew xviii. 19. "Go ye, therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoſt." Divine ſervice being finiſhed, they returned in the ſame order back to the Council Chamber, and proceeded to the election of Magiſtrates for the enſuing year; and, yeſterday, the Common Council was filled up, when the government of this city was veſted in the following gentlemen, viz.

The Right Hon. THOMAS ELDER, of Forneth, Lord Provoſt, re-elected.

William Galloway, Eſq;
John Gloag, Eſq;
John Hutton, Eſq;
William Fettes, Eſq; } Bailies.

Donald Smith, Eſq; Dean of Guild.
Robert Young, Eſq; Treaſurer.
James Stirling, Eſq; Old Provoſt.

George Leſlie, Eſq;
William Creech, Eſq;
Robert Forreſter, Eſq;
David Thomſon, Eſq; } Old Bailies.

James Gordon, Eſq; Old Dean of Guild.
James Manſfield, Eſq; Old Treaſurer.

Meſſ. Neil Macvicar,
James Carfrae,
Adam Keir, } Merchant Counſellors.

Andrew Wood,
John Milne, } Trades Counſellors.

Andrew Wardrope,
James Dempſter,
Thomas Kennedy,
William Fraſer,
Orlando Hart, Convener,
Thomas Gibſon,
James Brown, } Council Deacons.

James Brown,
Walter Smiton,
Alexander Reid,
James Brown, jun.
John Gray,
Andrew Wilſon,
Thomas Tibbets,
John Auchterlonie, } Extraordinary Council Deacons.

George Leſlie, Eſq; Admiral of Leith.
William Creech, Eſq; Baron Bailie of Canongate and Calton.
Robert Forreſter, Eſq; Baron Bailie of Eaſter and Weſter Portſburgh.
Mr Adam Keir, Captain of Orange Colours.

We cannot cloſe this article, without obſerving, that the late Magiſtrates have executed the duties of their office, with a degree of ſpirit and activity which intitles them to the warmeſt acknowledgments from their fellow-citizens. We hope the new Magiſtrates will not only follow ſo laudable an example, but make ſtill farther improvements in the police of the city.

Yeſterday, the Lord Provoſt, in Council, produced a letter he had received from the Right Hon. Henry Dundas, Treaſurer of the Navy, offering himſelf as a candidate to repreſent the city of Edinburgh at the next general election, he having given up his intereſt in the county to Mr Dundas of Arniſton.—The letter was read, and meeting with the unanimous approbation of the Magiſtrates and Council, the Lord Provoſt was authoriſed to return an anſwer to the Treaſurer of the Navy, accepting of his ſervices.

COUNTY OF EDINBURGH.

Tueſday laſt, the Michaelmas Head Court of the County of Edinburgh was held in the Parliament-Houſe, when the Right Hon. Henry Dundas, Treaſurer of the Navy, and preſent Repreſentative of the county in Parliament, was unanimouſly elected Preſes of the Court of Freeholders, and Mr James Newbigging Clerk. A number of Freeholders were added to the Roll, in conſequence of petitions for that purpoſe, and ſeveral were ſtruck off who had died ſince laſt Michaelmas, or whoſe qualifications had undergone ſuch alterations as to render them no longer eligible to ſtand upon it.

A letter was afterwards read to the meeting from Thomas Livingſton, Eſq; of Parkhall, relative to the right of hunting and fowling, accompanied by a printed caſe on the ſubject, ſtating the particulars of the proſecution, at the inſtance of Lord Breadalbane, againſt him, as formerly mentioned in this paper, and ſoliciting ſubſcriptions from the Gentlemen of the county, for enabling him to carry the matter to a final diſcuſſion before the Houſe of Peers. The Treaſurer of the Navy obſerved, that the meeting could give no anſwer to the letter, nor could they either recommend a ſubſcription, or diſſuade Gentlemen from ſubſcribing. In that particular, every Gentleman was to judge for himſelf. Some perhaps might be of opinion, that the Earl of Breadalbane was well founded in his proſecution, while others might wiſh ſucceſs to the plea maintained for Mr Livingſton.—Mr Solicitor General Dundas took occaſion to inform the meeting, that though he had aſſiſted in pleading Mr Livingſton's cauſe before the Court of Seſſion, he did not adviſe, nor had he any knowledge of the preſent application. Copies of the caſe were diſtributed among the Freeholders, who would ſubſcribe or not as they thought proper.

This buſineſs being thus ended, Mr Solicitor General roſe, and in a modeſt, and, at ſame time, very eloquent ſpeech, offered himſelf as a candidate to repreſent the county in Parliament. He obſerved that his family had long enjoyed that honour, and, he truſted, they had acquitted themſelves to the entire ſatisfaction of their conſtituents. It might, perhaps, be deemed preſumption in ſo young a man as he was, ſo ſoon to ſolicit that favour. He was, however, impelled to it from an honeſt pride, which he hoped the Freeholders would excuſe, in endeavouring to ſupport the dignity of his family, which he was perſuaded could not be more effectually done, than by his having the honour of repreſenting the county in Parliament. He paid many compliments to the Treaſurer of the Navy, the preſent Repreſentative, and concluded with ſaying, that he, in a very few days, propoſed to himſelf the pleaſure of waiting perſonally on every individual Freeholder, to ſolicit his vote and intereſt on an occaſion, in which if he ſucceeded, his higheſt ambition would be fully gratified.

The Treaſurer of the Navy paid many compliments to the family of Arniſton, different branches of which had ſo often the honour of repreſenting the county in Parliament; and though, from the very near and dear relationſhip which ſubſiſted between him and the preſent repreſentative of that family, he did not feel himſelf at liberty to ſpeak of that young gentleman as his many and diſtinguiſhed merits juſtly entitled him to do, yet he could not help ſaying, that, if the gentlemen of the county were pleaſed to gratify his young friend's laudible ambition, in electing him their repreſentative in Parliament, he would not diſappoint their moſt ſanguine wiſhes. The Treaſurer thanked the freeholders for the great partiality ſhewn to him during the whole period he had the honour of repreſenting them. He conſidered them as the ladder by which he had aſcended to the honours and favours which his moſt gracious Sovereign had beſtowed upon him; and from their frequent repetitions, the Gentlemen of the county, during the fifteen years he repreſented them, had often had the trouble of aſſembling together to re-elect him. Theſe favours he ſhould never forget. He had ſtudied not to be ungrateful while their member. He alſo had the happineſs of reflecting, that it had been in his power to ſerve the county at large, as well as ſeveral of its individual members. He was ſorry he could not do more, but he had done every thing in his power. He now, however, gave way to his worthy young friend; and though he himſelf was to embark in a more difficult and arduous undertaking, (the repreſentation of the city of Edinburgh we preſume he meant) he begged leave to join his ſolicitations with his honourable friend, for the ſuffrages and ſupport of the Freeholders at the day of election.—No other member ſpoke.

MICHAELMAS HEAD COURT, EDINBURGH, *Oct.* 6.

Our Michaelmas meeting was held here this day, when Mr *Douglas* of Douglas, after expreſſing in a handſome manner the ſenſe he entertained of the honour that had been conferred on him by the gentlemen of the county, in having choſen him as their repreſentative in Parliament, ſignified, that it was probable he ſhould not offer himſelf a candidate at the next general election.

Mr *Scott* of Dunninald, one of the Directors of the Eaſt India Company, in a modeſt ſpeech, in which he paid ſeveral compliments to the Parliamentary conduct of Mr Douglas, and expreſſed his regret, that the county might be deprived of his repreſentation, intimated that, in ſuch an event, he intended to offer himſelf for the choice of the freeholders.

Sir *George Ramſay* concurred with Mr Scott, at ſame time congratulated the county, that at ſuch a time, a gentleman ſo univerſally, and he would add, ſo deſervedly reſpected as Mr Scott, intended to offer himſelf to fill the place of our preſent worthy member. He ſaid, that Mr Scott ſhould certainly meet with his moſt cordial and hearty ſupport.

The ſenſe of the gentlemen preſent ſeemed to be almoſt unanimous in favour of Mr Scott.

Sunday was married at Aberdeen, John Henderſon, Eſq; late of Jamaica, to Miſs Helen Leſlie, daughter of the late Mr George Leſlie, merchant in Aberdeen.

It would be doing injuſtice to the liberality of the Sun Fire Office, and to the integrity of a gentleman in Haddington, not to make the following public:—Above two years ago, Mr John Croumbie merchant there ſuffered a loſs, by an accidental fire in his premiſes, inſured in the Sun Fire Office, the amount of which was eſtimated, and the damaged goods valued by four gentlemen well acquaint with the nature of them, and the amount inſtantly paid to Mr Croumbie. By his ſkill, and the aſſiduity and perſeverance of his ſervants, many of the articles thought uſeleſs were reſtored to their value, and the whole ſold, in the courſe of two years, for about thirty guineas above the ſum eſtimated at. This money (though entirely ſaved by the extraordinary exertions of Mr Croumbie and his ſervants) he remitted to Mr Allan, agent for the Sun Fire Office at Edinburgh, who laid the matter before the Managers at London. They were highly pleaſed with ſo rare an inſtance of integrity; and, in teſtimony of their approbation of his conduct, ordered Silver Plate, to the value of twenty guineas, to be preſented to Mr Croumbie, with a ſuitable inſcription thereon, and ten guineas to be given his ſervants.

On Monday laſt, Mr Allan M'Lachlan, of the Iſland of Mull, apprentice to Mr John Bell, was examined by the Royal College of Surgeons, upon his ſkill in Anatomy, Surgery, and Pharmacy, and found fully qualified to practice theſe arts.

A great deal of company is expected in town at the Caledonian Hunt, which begins next Monday.

On Sunday night, an attempt was made to break into the houſe of North Merchiſton, about a mile and an half to the weſtward of this city; but the thieves being ſcared, they made a precipitate retreat.

Yeſterday Michael Travers was whipt on the ſcaffold at the Weſt end of the tolbooth, in purſuance of a ſentence of the Magiſtrates, as formerly mentioned. His companion, Morriſon, who was alſo ſentenced to be whipt, being ill of a dropſy, that part of the ſentence was remitted. They are both baniſhed the city and liberties for life.

The Lovely Mary, Gordon, from Leith, arrived at London the 3d current, all well.

The Eliza, Sampſon, is arrived at Leith from London, all well.

A letter from Captain Bernie of the ſhip Edward, on the Southern whale fiſhery, to his owners in York, dated Walwick Bay, June 21. 1789, ſays, "The ſhip's company are all in good health; but ſince I wrote from the Bay of St Helena we ſprung a leak, which obliged us to quit that ſtation, and go to Angra Pequinea harbour, where we had it ſtopped, and got 2000 ſur ſeal-ſkins there. We have betwixt 60 and 70 tons of oil on board, 27 of which is ſpermaceti, and have not the leaſt doubt of bringing home a full ſhip, as the whales begin to be more plentiful every day. We expect to reach England ſome time in October."

On Wedneſday laſt the Preſbytery of Ayr met, when they reſumed the conſideration of the cauſe of Dr M'Gill.—The report of the Committee appointed at laſt meeting to enquire whether there be any thing in Dr M'Gill's publications erroneous, or inconſiſtent with the purity of the doctrines and the authority of the ſtandards of this church, was given in.—Several members objected, that the Preſbytery could not go on in this buſineſs in the face of the diſſent and proteſt taken at laſt meeting to the Synod of Glaſgow and Ayr. The vote being put on this queſtion, it carried *proceed*. The Preſbytery accordingly proceeded to receive the report of the committee; from which ſentence ſeveral members diſſented.

In this ſtage of the buſineſs Dr M'Gill roſe, and required, that, before the Preſbytery ſhould read the report of the committee, they afford him an opportunity of peruſing the report; that he might know if it contained any thing prejudicial to his character, that, if it ſhould be found neceſſary to proceed in this affair, he might be prepared to defend himſelf; and, that no ſteps be taken by the Preſbytery to his prejudice, but in the form of a libel according to the form of proceſs.

This requiſition being conſidered by the Preſbytery, they were of opinion that it could not be granted, as the Preſbytery had not yet read the report of the committee. Upon which Dr M'Gill proteſted, and appealed to the Synod of Glaſgow and Ayr at their next meeting! And ſeveral members entered their diſſent.

Then the report of the committee was read, containing excerpts from Dr M'Gill's Practical Eſſay on the Death of JESUS CHRIST, and the Appendix to his Revolution Sermon, which, in the opinion of the committee, were inconſiſtent with the purity of the doctrines and the authority of the ſtandards of this Church; and, in oppoſition to theſe exceptionable paſſages, were added quotations from the Word of God, the Confeſſion of Faith and Catechiſms of this Church. After which it was moved, That as there are ſeveral proteſts and diſſents, and complaints on this affair, and alſo proteſts and appeals by Dr M'Gill himſelf to the Synod, the Preſbytery ſhould refer their whole proceedings in this cauſe, and the report of the committee *ſimpliciter* to the enſuing Synod at Glaſgow, for their advice and direction.

It was moved on the other hand, That as the report of the committee is of conſiderable length, and contains a variety of matter, it ſhould lie on the Preſbytery table for the inſpection of Dr M'Gill and of the other members of Preſbytery, ſo as to be taken into conſideration at their next meeting.

The vote being put on theſe two motions, it carried *Refer the whole proceedings of the Preſbytery in the cauſe, and the report of the committee, ſimpliciter, to the Synod at Glaſgow, for advice and direction.*—Againſt which Dr M'Gill, and ſeveral other members, diſſented and proteſted for liberty to complain to the enſuing Synod.

Yeſterday afternoon, at a meeting of the Incorporation of Shearmen in Glaſgow, Mr William Davidſon, their deacon, after expreſſing his diſapprobation of the contracted ſyſtem of nominating the repreſentatives to fill the Convener's Houſe, being hitherto veſted ſolely in the deacons, ſo inconſiſtent with the true principles of a free conſtitution, he, with a generous ſpirit of liberty, declined exerciſing that prerogative, and recommended it to the meeting to make their own choice; on which the Incorporation freely, and without leets, elected Mr Baſil Ronald one of their number, who, in a handſome manner, expreſſed a due ſenſe of the higheſt honour which the trade could confer, and the more eſpecially as he believed he was the firſt repreſentative ever ſent to the Trades Houſe by ſo free an appointment.

Tueſday, the following Gentlemen were elected Magiſtrates of the city of Glaſgow, for the enſuing year, viz.

JOHN CAMPBELL, junior, Eſq; Lord Provoſt, re-elected.

Meſſ. James Macdowall, Eſq;
Cunningham Corbett, Eſq; } Merchant Bailies.
James M'Lehoſe, Eſq; Trades Bailie.

PERTH—OCTOBER 5. 1789.

This being the day of the annual elections of the Magiſtrates of this Burgh, for the enſuing year, until the elections at Michaelmas 1790, the following gentlemen were choſen, viz.

JOHN CAW, Eſq; Provoſt, Sheriff, and Coroner.
Mr Alexander Portous, Dean of Guild.
Mr Alexander Alliſon,
Mr Thomas Barland, } Merchant Bailies.
Mr Patrick Duncan,
Mr Robert Menzies, Hammerman, Trades Bailie.
Mr John Young, Town Treaſurer.

AYR, OCTOBER 5. 1789.

This day the following gentlemen were unanimouſly choſen Magiſtrates, for the enſuing year:—

DAVID FERGUSSON, Eſq; Provoſt.
John Murdoch,
William Reid, } Eſqrs. Bailies.
Hugh Stevenſon, Eſq; Dean of Guild.
Ebenezer Shaw, Eſq; Treaſurer.

KIRKCALDY, *October* 5. 1789.

This day, came on the election of Magiſtrates for this burgh, when the following Gentlemen were unanimouſly choſen, viz.

ANDREW COWAN, Eſq; Provoſt.
Meſſ. Robert Philip,
John Malcolm, } Bailies.
Michael Beveridge, Dean of Guild.
John Ford, Treaſurer.

On Tueſday laſt the following gentlemen were choſen Magiſtrates of Dumfries for the enſuing year:

DAVID STAIG, Eſq; Provoſt.
Meſſ. John Lawſon,
Andrew Smith,
William Wilſon, } Bailies.
Robert Jackſon, Dean of Guild.
Andrew Johnſton, Treaſurer.

PAISLEY, *Oct.* 5. This day the following Gentlemen were elected Magiſtrates of this town:

ANDREW SMITH, Eſq; eldeſt Bailie.
Meſſ. William Carlyle,
James Stevenſon, } Bailies.
Gavin Maxwell, Treaſurer.

MAGISTRATES of Renfrew.

Meſſ. Robert Boyd,
Adam Boyd, } Bailies.
James Gray, Dean of Guild.
John Gray, jun. Treaſurer.

Extract of a letter from Lerwick, Sept. 18.

"On the 10th inſt. the Union Snow, Campbell, of and from Galloway to Memel, in ballaſt, put into Selivoe on the S. W. ſide of Shetland in diſtreſs, having through very heavy ſtorms of wind, loſt her main and fore-top maſt, top-gallent maſts, tray-ſails maſt, main and fore caps, running rigging, main-ſail, main-top-ſail, main-top-gallant-ſail, fore-ſail, fore-top-gallant-ſail, and one ſteering ſail, &c. Mr Campbell has been much relieved by the aſſiſtance of Captain Taylor of his Majeſties ſhip Thorn.

"A ſmack boat ſailing from Balty ſound, to Uyea ſound, in the iſland of Unſt, with dried fiſh, and other goods on board, value about 270l. ſterling, was overſet by a heavy ſquall of wind, on the 11th curt. Five men on board—Men, boat, and goods totally loſt. What makes this loſs the more lamentable is, that, two of the ſufferers have left poor widows with fourteen children."

Extract of a letter from Roſeau, Dominica, July 22.

"A negro woman, five months ago, was brought to bed of a boy, and three girls, all healthy, and much of the ſame ſize and ſhape. The mother gives ſuck to all the four. I ſaw them the other day, all very well and ſtout."

Thermometer and Barometer ſince our laſt:

				Ther.	Bar.
Monday,	*Oct.*	5.	8 P. M.	44	28.80
Tueſday,		6.	8 A. M.	46	28.80
			8 P. M.	48	28.80
Wedneſday,		7.	8 A. M.	45	28.80
			8 P. M.	48	28.85
Thurſday,		8.	8 A. M.	46	29.00

PRICES OF MEAL—EDINBURGH MARKET, OCT. 6.

QUANTITIES.

Lothian, 96 Bolls—South Country, 100 Ditto.

Lothian per Boll.		*S. Country per Boll.*		*Prices per Peck.*	
First,	13 0	First,	12 9	First,	0 10
Second,	12 9	Second,	12 6	Second,	0 9½
Third,	12 6	Third,	12 3	Third,	0 0

PRICES OF CORN AT CORN EXCHANGE.

	s.	s.	d.		s.	s.	d.
Wheat,	45	to 56	0	Tick Beans,	20	to 23	0
Fine ditto,	—	—	—	Small ditto,	21	to 24	0
Rye,	24	to 26	0	Tares,	—	—	—
Oats,	17	to 20	6				
Barley,	20	to 23	0	Flour, per Sack.			
Malt,	31	to 34	6				
Grey Peaſe,	22	to 26	0	Fine Flour,	42		
White ditto,	21	to 24	0	Second Sort,	40		
Boiling ditto,	32	to 36	0	Rape Seed,	—		

SHETLAND SHIPPING.

Arrived, and put into Ports as under:

Auguſt 25. Ducheſs of Buccleugh, Stevenſon, of and from Leith, in ballaſt, at Vaill-ſound, to load fiſh for the Straits.

Sept. 8. Endeavour, Brown, of Irvine, from Dublin, in ballaſt, at Burravoe, to load fiſh for Dublin.

9. Dempſter, Meldrum, of and from Aberdeen, in ballaſt, at Braſſay ſound, to load fiſh for Bilboa.

15. Hannah, Akenhead, of and from Newcaſtle, with part cargo of coals, &c. at Hillſwick, to complete her lading with fiſh, for the Straits.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK,

Sept. 30. Cecilia, Denny, from Jamaica, ſugar, &c.
Margaret, Blain, from New York, goods.
Oct. 2. Induſtry, Conner, from Virginia, tobacco.

SAILED,

Oct. 1. Jenny, Hunter, for Barbadoes, goods.
Nancy, Cochran, for Rotterdam, ditto.
Ceres, Morton, for Guernſey, ditto.

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

Oct. 5. Friendſhip, Milne, from Aberdeen, goods.
Ranger, Leiſk, from Lerwick, ditto.
Nelly, Weſt, from Gardenſtown, kelp.
Lady Grant, Malcolm, from Aberdeen, goods.
Adventurer, Wiſhart, from Annego, wool.
6. Endeavour, Wheeler, from Exeter, goods.
Mary, Sharp, from Hull, ballaſt.
7. Eliza, Sampſon, from London, goods.
Lady Duff, Anderſon, from Hamburgh, ditto.

SAILED,

Peggy, Duncan, for Hull, goods.
Louiſa Packet, Bates, for Inverneſs, ditto.
Unity, Ayrſom, for Stockton, ditto.
Mary, Hay, for London, ditto.
James, Farquhar, for Newcaſtle, ditto.
Margarets, Turnbull, for Campvere, ditto.

FURNISHED LODGINGS,

To Let for the Seaſon.

TWO LODGINGS, genteelly furniſhed, at the Creſs, oppoſite the Royal Exchange, each conſiſting of an elegant dining-room, drawing-room, three good bed-rooms, two bed-cloſets, kitchen, and other conveniencies, fit to accommodate a genteel family.—Or, they will be Let in ſeparate apartments, on very moderate terms.

Enquire at John's Coffeehouſe.

*** Entertainments on the ſhorteſt notice.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of John Wilſon, vintner in Dunfermline, on Friday the 23d day of October inſt. between the hours of three and four afternoon, together or ſeparately, as purchaſers ſhall incline,

THE SUBJECTS in the town of DUNFERMLINE, which belonged to John Dickie, merchant there, lying on the weſt ſide of the ſtreet called the Collier-row, conſiſting of a dwelling-houſe, ſhop, ſcrubling-houſe, dye-houſe, and garden, in the cloſe called Dickie's Cloſe, all poſſeſſed by the ſaid John Dickie; and two tenements fronting the Collier-row-ſtreet, very conveniently ſituated for carrying on the buſineſs of dyer and clothier, or for a brewery. The whole, if ſold in one lot, to be ſet up at 300 l.

Mr Dickie will ſhow the ſubjects, and the progreſs of writs, and condigions of ſale to be ſeen in the hands of Adam Bruce, writer in Edinburgh.

SALE OF LANDS IN PERTHSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of Alexander M'Dougal, vintner in Cupar Angus, upon Thurſday the 15th October 1789, betwixt the hours of four and ſix afternoon,

THE Lands of WESTER BANCHRY, in the poſſeſſion of Andrew Herris and Alexander Simpſon; and one third part of the Mill and Mill-lands of Banchry, lying in the pariſh of Blairgowrie, and ſhire of Perth. The peculiar advantages of this ſubject, from its fertile quality and local ſituation, within two miles from Cupar Angus, and fifteen miles from Perth and Dundee, make it a very eligible ſituation for a purchaſer; and a valuable moſs in the muir of Blairgowrie, and 32 acres of a thriving plantation of Scots firs and larixes, 10 years old, not rentalled, conſiderably enhance the value of the premiſſes. The feat rent is 77 l. 12s. 8d. Sterling—the valued rent is 157 l. 6s 8d. Scots, holden of the Crown, and the progreſs of writes is clear.

For further particulars, application may be made to Edmund Fergusſon of Balledmund, by Dunkeld, who has powers to ſell by private bargain.

SALE OF LANDS.

To be expoſed to SALE by Public Roup, in the houſe of William Porteous, Innkeeper at Milton, upon Thurſday the 22d day of October 1789, betwixt the hours of eleven and twelve,

THE valuable Store Farm of LOGAN, lying in the pariſh of Leſmahagow, and ſhire of Lanark. This Farm holds about thirty-five ſcore of Sheep, beſides ſome black Cattle; and it is particularly well known to produce excellent Sheep. There is no tack at preſent upon it.

AS ALSO,

The Lands of AUCHMEDDAN, lying in the ſame pariſh. This is a convenient Corn Farm, and has the privilege of an extenſive Commonty.

There is every probability that Lead will be found on the Lands of Logan, and there is a valuable Lime Quarry on the Lands of Auchmeddan.

For particulars apply to Mr Joſeph Cauvin, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh—Mr Claud Marſhall, writer in Glaſgow—and Mr Hiſtone at Leſmahagow.

AYRSHIRE GAME.

LIST of CERTIFICATES iſſued by the Sheriff clerk of Ayrſhire, for killing game, from the 1ſt of July to the 1ſt of October 1789.

A

Alexander, Claud, of Ballochmile
Allan, John, at Fairlie
Allaſon, Robert, of Fouton
Allaſon, Alexander, at Shew-wood
Allan, John, houſehold ſteward at Eglintoun

B

Brown, Nicol, at Lanfine
Boyle, John, Eſq.
Boyle, David, Eſq.
Boſwell, Alexander, younger of Auchinleck
Briſbane, Thomas, of Briſbane
Buchan, Charles, reſiding in Ayr
Bowie, Doctor William, reſiding in Ayr
Blair, William, of Blair

C

Cunninghame, Alexander, Collector of the Cuſtoms at Irvine
Campbell, George James, of Treeſbanks
Cunninghame, John, of Thorntoun
Crawford Walkinſhaw, John, of Crawfordland
Cuninghame, Sir William, of Caprington, Bart.
Cuninghame, Captain Archibald, at Irvine
Catto, James, in Penny Arthur
Campbell, Hugh, younger of Mayfield
Cathcart, Sir Andrew, of Carleton, Bart.
Campbell, Bruce, of Mayfield
Clark, Patrick, of Holms
Cooper, Alexander, at Smithſton
Campbell, Neill, at Sorncaſtle
Crookſhanks, Charles, in Bogſide
Campbell, Richard, at Brachead
Cuninghame, Robert Reid, of Auchinharvie
Cathcart, David, of Greenfield
Crawford, Moſes, of Newfield

D

Dunlop, Andrew, of Dunlop
Dunlop, Alexander, of Colellan
Douglas, Archibald, Surgeon of the 44th Regiment, at Ayr
Dundaſs, Lieutenant Colonel, Alexander, Weſt Lothian
Douglas, George, of Rodinghead
Dalrymple, James, of Orangefield
Dalrymple, Charles, at Orangefield

E

Eglintoune, the Right Honourable the Earl of,

F

Frazer, James, near Crawfordland
Fairlie, Alexander, of Fairlie
Farquhar Gray, John, of Gilmilnſcroft
Ferguſſon, George, Eſq. advocate
Gilliſon, William, ſurgeon in Beith
Grieve, Andrew, ſurgeon of 53d regiment
Gairdner, Alexander, of Ladykirk

H

Hamilton, the Honourable Robert, of Bourtreehill
Hamilton, John, of Sundrum
Hamilton, Hugh, of Primroſe
Hamilton, Dr William, of Craiglaw
Honey, James, Eſq. at Loudoun
Howatſon, Charles, of Craigdarroch

K

Kennedy, David, at Skelden
Kennedy, David, of Kirkmichael
Kirk, George, at Eagleſhome
Kirk, William, there
Kennedy, John, of Underwood
Kelſo, William, of Dankeith
Kennedy, Thomas, under falconer at Coilsfield

L

Lyon, John, ſurgeon in Newmills
Lyle, the Honourable Lord
Laurie, Archibald, at Newmills

M

M'Kirrel, John, of Hillh uſe
M'Micken, John, of Killantringan
M'Adam, Alexander, of Grimmet
M'Adam, Quintin, of Dunaſkin
M'Adam, William, at Caſtlemains
Mitchell, Hugh, in Polloſh
M'Clure Gilbert, merchant in Ayr
Mr Hutcheſon, Hugh, of Changue
Montgomery, Archibald, younger of Coilsfield
Montgomery, Colonel Hugh, of Skermorly
Morriſon. Adjutant John, in Mauchline
Montgomery, Robert, merchant in Irvine
M'Adam, Quintin, at Turnberry
Morris, Captain William, in Irvine
Miller, Alexander, younger of Monkcaſtle
Montgomery, James, Eſq. at Coilsfield

N

Niſbet, Archibald, of Sornhill
Heyſon, John Robert, Lieutenant of the 44th, regiment

P

Parker, William, of Corraith
Paterſon, William, writer in Kilmarnock
Paton, John, of Sawerſton
Patrick, Robert, of Trechorn
Phipps, John Charles, of the 44th regiment, at Ayr

R

Robertſon, John, at Parkhill
Ralſton, William, at Woodhill
Rankine, George, of Whitehill
Robertſon, Robert, falconer, at Coilsfield
Richardſon, John, at Roſeholm
Richard, John, of Burnfoot
Roſs, Hugh, of Kerſe, Eſq.
Ralſton, William, late of the 100th regiment at Woodhill

S

Smith, John, of Swineraggmuir
Samſon, Thomas Gardner, in Kilmarnock
Shaw, Captain John, late of the 76th regiment
Speir, James, of Dalgarven
Sheddan, John, of Morſhill
Stevenſon, Hugh, Eſq. reſiding in Ayr

T

Tannahill, John, at Finwick

W

White, James, of Glenbuck
Wallace, Thomas, of Cairnhill
Wodrow, Robert, in Turboltoun
Webſter, Captain John, in Ayr
Whiteſoord, Sir John, of Whiteſoord, Bart.

Y

Young, Thomas, Eſq. reſiding at Cairnhill.

DEPUTATIONS.

B

Bell, John, at Arnſow, gamekeeper to Sir John Whiteſoord

C

Clark, Andrew, at Lainſhaw—Mr Cunningham of Lainſhaw
Chriſtie, William, ſervant to Mr M'Micken of Killantringan
Caldwell, John, in Smithſton—James Speir of Dalgarven
Cockburn, Alex. groom at Eglintoune—Earl of Eglintoune

D

Dickie, James, at Troon—Colonel Fullarton
Dunn, James, gamekeeper at Loudoun—Counteſs of Loudoun

F

Frazer, William, gardener at Crawfordland—Col. Crawford

G

Guthrie, James, at Adamtoun—Mr Reid of Adamtoun

H

Hutchiſon, William, at Caprington—Sir W. Cunninglame of Caprington, Bart.

L

Laidlaw, James, at Roſemount—Mr Fullarton of Roſemount
Logan, David, at Dankeith—Mr Kelſo of Dankeith

M

M'Pherſon, Thomas—Mr M'Adam of Craigengillan
M'Cready, John, in Gallahill—Mr Kennedy of Denure
Murray, James, ſervant to the Earl of Dumfries
M'Grigor, James, ſervant to Mr Fullarton of Roſemount

O

Oſburn, John, at Auchinleck—Mr Boſwell of Auchinleck
Orr, James, ſervant to Major Dunlop of Colellan
Orr, John, warrener to Mr Reid Cuningham
Orr, John, at Kilburny—the Earl of Crawford

R

Reweaſtle, William, in Ballybeg—Sir Adam Ferguſſon
Reweaſtle, Thomas, gamekeeper to the Earl of Caſſillis
Rankine, Malcom, of Drumdow—Sir John Whiteſoord

W

Wallace, William, ſervant to Mr Alexander of Ballochmile
Willſon, Richard, gamekeeper at Blair—Mr Blair of Blair
Wood, George, ſervant at Logan—Mr Logan of Logan

By order of Majeſty's Commiſſioners for managing the ſtamp duties.

(Signed) JOHN BRETTELL, Secretary.
WILL. CROOKS, Clk. Sub.

SALE OF LANDS,

IN THE SHIRES OF PERTH AND KINROSS,

AND OF

HOUSES IN DUNFERMLINE.

By Adjournment.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the houſe of John Willſon, vintner in Dunfermline, upon Tueſday the 3d day of November 1789, between the hours of eleven forenoon and twelve mid day,

THE SUBJECTS which belonged to *James Beveridge*, writer in Dunfermline, lately deceaſed, in the following lots:

LOT I. The Town and Lands of HTFAR, in the pariſh of Foſſaway, and ſouth-eaſt corner of the ſhire of Perth, containing near 300 Scots acres, and ſituated within four miles of Kinroſs, five miles of Dunfermline, and five miles of Alloa. The lands hold of the Crown, and are within a mile of coal and limeſtone.—If more agreeable to offerers, theſe lands will be expoſed in two lots.

Francis Henderſon the tenant will ſhow the ſubjects.

II. Four Eight Parts of the Town and Lands of KILDUFF, in the united pariſhes of Foſſaway and Tillibole, and ſhire of Kinroſs, ſituated within two miles of coal and limeſtone, three miles weſt from Kinroſs, and hold of Sir Henry Moncrieff Welwood of Tillibole, for payment of a ſmall feu-duty.

John Beveridge at Kelduff will ſhow theſe lands.

III. That Large and Commodious HOUSE, with the Garden adjoining, ſituated in the Kirkgate of Dunfermline, ſome time poſſeſſed by Mr Walker, now deceaſed, as an inn, and laſt by the ſaid James Beveridge and his tenants, containing ten fire-rooms, beſides large cellars and ſtables.

IV. That HOUSE of three ſtories, with back court and offices adjoining, ſituated in the Maygate of Dunfermline, containing a large fore and back ſhop, and twelve other fire-rooms, as lately poſſeſſed by Mrs Crawford, now deceaſed, and Mr Eckford, merchant. This houſe has got a new roof and other repairs, at a conſiderable expence, within theſe two years.

V. That Large HOUSE of three ſtories, containing a ſhop and ſeven rooms, with the cellars adjoining, ſituated on the North ſide of the High Street, a little eaſt of the Tron of Dunfermline, as lately poſſeſſed by John Reid, merchant, now deceaſed, and laſt by Richard Burns and James Beveridge, merchants.

The articles of roup, title-deeds, and a plan of the lands of Pitfarr, will be ſeen in the hands of Mr Robert Scotland, merchant in Dunfermline, with whom intending purchaſers may treat for a private bargain of any of the lots, before the day of roup; and George Tod, writer in Edinburgh, will alſo inform as to further particulars.

LANDS IN FIFE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

To be Sold by Private Bargain,

THE two North Fields of WESTER CASH, containing about one hundred and forty-ſix acres, lying in the pariſh of Strathmiglo, and county of Fife, with the freehold qualification. Theſe lands are of good quality and delightfully ſituated between the towns of Falkland, Auchtermuchty, and Strathmiglo. They afford a moſt eligible ſite for a houſe, having an extenſive proſpect of the Strath of Fife, and lie in a gentle ſlop, which prevents them from being expoſed to high winds. There is an excellent free-ſtone quarry upon the lands, and they have a privilege of burning limeſtone on the Lommonds. The purchaſer may enter immediately; and a conſiderable part of the price will be allowed to remain in his hands, if agreeable to him.

And to be be LET by public roup, within the houſe of David Gardner innkeeper in Strathmiglo, on Friday the 6th day of November next, between the hours of twelve mid-day, and two afternoon, the remaining part of the ſaid lands of WESTER CASH, and the whole lands of LEADENURQUHART, in ſeperate incloſures for one year after Martinmas next.

And alſo to be LET by private bargain, the remaining years, being ſeven, of the leaſe of that part of the lands of KINCAPLE with the houſes poſſeſt by Mr Low, of Pittencrieff, and his ſubtenants. Theſe lands conſiſt of about 60 acres, are of excellent quality, and in high order,

For further particulars apply to Mr Low at Cupar, or to George Tod, writer in Edinburgh.

N. B. One or more contractors wanted to build Draw Kills, and work lime, on a ſcale of conſiderable extent.

Apply as above.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF BERWICK,

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THE Lands and Eſtate of BASSENDEAN, with the Teinds, lying in the pariſh of Weſtruther, and ſhire of Berwick.

This eſtate conſiſts of three farms, the yearly rental whereof is 168 l. Sterling. It holds of the Crown, and is rated in the Ceſs books of the county at 605 l. 14 s. 7 d.

It is pleaſantly ſituated on the ſouth ſide of the high road betwixt Norton and Greenlaw, and is about five miles from the burgh of Lauder, five miles from Greenlaw, and thirty-two miles from Edinburgh. The lands are capable of great improvement, and there are advantages that may be very uſeful to purchaſers, which will be communicated.

The title-deeds are to be ſeen in the hands of Andrew Carmichael, writer in Edinburgh.

Perſons inclining to purchaſe, may apply to General Hamilton, at Murdoſtown, near Hamilton, or to the ſaid Andrew Carmichael, either of whom have power to conclude a bargain.

ROUP OF LANDS IN ABERDEENSHIRE.

To be SOLD by Public Roup, on Friday the 30th day of October current, within the houſe of Peter Wilkie, vintner in Aberdeen, at ſix o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of BREDA, lying in the pariſh of Alford, and county of Aberdeen, conſiſting of 540 acres of arable, and about 1000 of hill and paſture ground, and which, if all ſet, will yield about 330 l. of rent. This eſtate is delightfully ſituated on the river Don, has above 80 acres of haugh ground, and 290 acres of thriving wood.—The ſoil is ſtrong and early, and great part of the arable land is incloſed. As it lies on the great ſouth road, by Cairnomount, from Huntley.—It is well adapted either for a farmer or a grazier. There is a good manſion-houſe, office-houſes, and garden: abundance of ſalmon and other fiſh are found in the Don, and game in the hills; and there are wild deer in the woods. The valued rent is 515 l. Scots, and the proprietor has a vote for a member of Parliament.

Alſo the Lands of TILLYMORGAN, lying in the pariſh of Cullſamon, and county foreſaid; the free rent of which, after all deductions, is about 180 l. Sterling. They conſiſt of about 640 acres of arable ground, an equal quantity of hill and paſture, and have plenty of moſs and ſheep paſture. The valued rent is 300 l. Scots, holden of the Crown.

Further information, as to theſe eſtates, will be had by applying to John Ramſay, Eſq; of Barra, Alexander Duthie, Eſq; of Ruthrieſton, or Mr Carnegie, town-clerk of Aberdeen; and Hugh Hutcheon, advocate there, will ſhow the writs, plans, rentals, and articles of roup.

A conſiderable part of the price will be allowed to remain in the purchaſer's hands for ſome years.

BREWERY NEAR DUNSE TO BE LET.

To be LET, and entered to at Whitſunday next, at Clock-Mill, near Dunſe, Berwickſhire,

A MALT-STEAD, conſiſting of a Floor 150 feet by 24 with two Steep Stones, a Kiln 24 feet ſquare, two lofts above the malting floor, each of the ſame dimenſions, therewith, and 6 cellars below the malting floor, each 24 feet by 9. Alſo, a large BREW-HOUSE, and Brewing Utenſils, with pumps and other machinery, all drove by water—Alſo a Malt-Miln newly rebuilt, and lofts above the ſame, with a conſiderable thirlage; together with a Dwelling Houſe and Offices.

Ground may be got for a farm, as may be agreed on.

For further particulars, enquire at the proprietor at Dunſe Caſtle, or at James Keay, writer, Prince's Street, Edinburgh.

LANDS IN FIFE TO BE SOLD.

On Wedneſday, the 25th of November next, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon, will be expoſed to voluntary roup and ſale, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh,

THE Lands and Eſtate of WOODMILN, lying in the pariſh of Abdie, and ſhire of Fife. This Eſtate contains between 600 and 700 Scots acres; and though the preſent free rent is but 221 l. 11 s. 5 d. Sterling; yet as the Lands are of an excellent quality, and are within a few miles of plenty of good lime, it is expected the rents will be more than doubled on the expiration of the preſent leaſes, of which a few years are yet to run. There is a beautiful loch on this Eſtate, well ſtocked with pike, perch, and eel, which affords very agreeable ſport in the ſummer ſeaſon. It is ſuppoſed alſo that there is marl in this loch, & in a ſmaller one belonging to the Eſtate; and on the banks of the great loch called the loch of Lindores, there are ſome beautiful ſituations for a manſion houſe.——There are alſo near 40 acres planted with oak and other hard wood, moſt of it above 50 years old, and in a very thriving condition.

The Lands hold of the Crown, and are 816 l. Scots of valued rent, ſo that they afford two freehold qualifications in the county of Fife.

A rental and plan of the eſtate, with the current tacks thereof, and the articles of ſale, may be ſeen in the hands of Alexander Duncan, writer to the ſignet, who will give any farther information that may be wanted concerning it to intending purchaſers.

Lands in the Carſe of Gowrie to be Sold.

On Friday the 27th day of November next, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon, will be expoſed to public voluntary SALE, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh,

THE Lands and Barony of MONORGAN, lying in the pariſh of Longforgan, and ſhire of Perth.

This eſtate conſiſts of above 368 Scots acres of rich carſe land, is beautifully ſituated on the banks of the river Tay, from which the produce of the eſtate can be conveniently tranſported by water-carriage, and by which alſo lime and other means of improvement can be brought in. There are four orchards well-ſtocked with fruit trees, which, it is believed, bear better than any other orchards in the Carſe of Gowrie;—the proprietor has alſo a right of ſalmon-fiſhing in the river Tay.

The lands hold of the Crown, and being 860 l. 17 s. 10 d. of valued rent, afford two freehold qualifications in the county of Perth. The articles of ſale, the rental and leaſes of the eſtate, are to be ſeen in the hands of Alexander Duncan, writer to the ſignet, who has powers to conclude a ſale by private bargain any time before the day of roup.

ESTATE IN ROXBURGHSHIRE TO SELL.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 25th November next, betwixt the hours of ſix and ſeven afternoon,

THE LANDS and BARONY of HUNTHILL, with the Teinds and Pertinents, in the pariſh of Jedburgh, and county of Roxburgh, holding blench of the Crown, and qualifying the proprietor to vote for a member of Parliament.

This eſtate is very improveable, and contains 1100 acres of land, moſtly arable. It lies in a good ſporting country, both for fiſhing and fowling; and there is a genteel manſion-houſe, lately built, and in good repair, with proper offices, fit to accommodate a large family. The preſent yearly rent is about 330 l. Sterling, and the tenants, over and above their money rent pay a conſiderable number of coal carriages and kain fowls, beſides other ſervices, at a moderate computation worth 10 l. Sterling yearly. The full grown wood is valued at about 1000 l. Sterling, and the young plantations are thriving and extenſive. A power is reſerved in the leaſes to plant certain parts of the ground, and alſo to dig for coal and lime, (of which the lands carry ſtrong ſymptoms,) without any deduction of rent. There is alſo a large moſs producing excellent peats, for which there is a ready ſale in the Burgh of Jedburgh, only a mile diſtant, and where there is a good butcher market twice a-week.

The eſtate will be ſold in whole or in ſeparate lots as purchaſers incline. The manſion houſe and adjacent incloſures, in the natural poſſeſſion of the proprietor, (ſome of which are newly laid down in graſs) may be entered to immediately, and the purchaſer may alſo have the proprietor's ſtock on theſe incloſures at a valuation.

For further particulars, apply to the proprietor at Hunthill, or to Mr Riddell, writer to the ſignet, George's Square, in whoſe hands the tacks and title-deeds may be ſeen, and with whom any perſon inclining a private bargain may treat.

ESTATE OF BALERNO.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,

Betwixt and the 14th of October curt.

THE Lands and Eſtate of BALERNO, lying in the pariſh of Currie, comprehending the farm of Newmill, conſiſting of 96 acres of arable land, upon the turnpike road betwixt Edinburgh and Lanark, beginning at the ſix mile ſtone, valued at 1231 l. Sterling.

ITEM, The Eaſter Mill, now converted into an elegant and extenſive paper mill, with the mill lands, 11 acres 1 rood and 27 falls—rent whereof, on a 57 years tack after Martinmas 1788, is 80 l. and after the expiry, for 29 years longer, at the rent of 145 l. yearly, if the preſent tenants, who have laid out great ſums in building and machinery, or their ſucceſſors, require ſuch renewal.

ITEM, The Weſter Mill, now a corn, and two Barley Mills, with the Multures. This mill is newly built, and, with the mill lands, about 5 acres and 34 falls, is valued at 40 l. yearly.

ITEM, The lands of Townhead of Balerno, lying contiguous to the lands of Newmill, on the ſouth ſide of the Water of Leith, conſiſting of 128 acres 3 roods 6 falls of land, with 171 acres 1 rood 1 fall of muir ground, and the Barley Mill of Balerno, with ſundry other houſes in the town of Balerno; the whole valued at 1811. 17s. 5d. yearly.

The whole ſubject to annual deductions of 61. 6s. 2½d.

In caſe the above ſubjects are not ſold together, they will be ſold in the lots following:

LOT I. The farm of Newmills, on the north of the road, valued at 107 l. yearly.

LOT II. The Weſter Barley Mill, with the Mill Lands, and the Park called Leiſing Side, of 10 acres 3 roods and 24 falls, valued in whole to 56 l. 7 s. 1 d. yearly.

LOT III. The Paper Mill, with the mill lands—rent 80 l.

LOT IV. The lands of Townhead of Balerno, valued at 181 l. 17 s. 5 d. Sterling. In this lot are ſome good ſituations for mills on the water of Beverly, and fine free ſtone Quarries, now of great eſteem in the city of Edinburgh.

The lands will be ſhown by Alexander Henderſon, ſervant at Newmill.

The progreſs of writs and plan of the grounds to be ſeen in the hands of Andrew Carmichael, writer in Edinburgh, who has powers to conclude a bargain.

In caſe the above lands are not ſold, they will be let in tack for 19 years after Martinmas. Any perſon inclining to take a tack of all or any part of the lands, or barley mill, may apply to Alexander Reed of Rathobyres, the proprietor, at Ratho.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JAMES ELDER, Merchant in Edinburgh.

THAT on the application of the ſaid James Elder, with concurrence of a creditor to the extent required by law, the Lord Swinton, Ordinary, officiating on the bill did, of this date, ſequeſtrated his whole real and perſonal eſtate; and appointed his creditors to meet in the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 14th inſtant, at twelve o'clock noon, to name an interim factor on the eſtate, and for the other purpoſes of the ſtatute.

Of all which intimation is given to thoſe concerned, in terms of the act of Parliament.

Edinburgh—OCT. 6. 1789.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of ALEX. BIRNIE, Tanner in Aberdeen.

THE truſtee upon the ſequeſtrated eſtate of the ſaid Alexander Birnie, having now converted the greater part of his ſubjects into caſh, intimates to the creditors that he has made up a ſtate of the bankrupt's ſubjects in his hands, and the debts which have been lodged with him, and a ſcheme or ſcheme dividing the free produce amongſt the creditors, which ſtates and ſcheme will lie open in his hands for their inſpection of the creditors or their agents, till the 4th day of January next, being exactly twelve months from the date of the ſequeſtration, when the truſtee propoſes to pay the creditors their firſt dividend, in caſe no objections are made to the ſtate and ſcheme ſo made up.

Aberdeen, Oct. 8. 1789. W. KENNEDY.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of WILLIAM EWING, Farmer and Dealer in Cattle in Ballurich.

AT a meeting of the creditors of ſaid Wm. Ewing, held at Dunbarton, th 2d day of October curt. John M'Aulay writer there, was unanimouſly choſen interim factor on the ſequeſtrated eſtate of the ſaid William Ewing; and the creditors appointed a general meeting to be held in the houſe of George M'Farlane, vintner in Dunbarton, on Friday the 6th day of November next, at twelve o'clock mid-day, in order to chooſe a truſtee or truſtees on the ſaid ſequeſtrated eſtate. And upon application by the ſaid factor to the Sheriff ſubſtitute of Dumbartonſhire, he appointed Friday the 9th day of October current, and Friday in each of the three ſucceeding weeks, for examining the ſaid William Ewing, and others acquainted with his buſineſs.—Of all which intimation is hereby given.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF WILLIAM MUDIE Merchant in Glaſgow.

THAT at a meeting of the Creditors of the ſaid William Mudie, held at Glaſgow the 3d of October curt. for the purpoſe of chuſing an interim factor on his ſequeſtrated eſtate, Walter Ewing merchant in Glaſgow was choſen interim factor; and another general meeting of the Creditors was appointed to be held within the houſe of Alexander Strahairn vintner in Glaſgow, upon the 16th of November next, at twelve o'clock noon, in order to chuſe a truſtee upon ſaid ſequeſtrated eſtate in terms of the ſtatute.

And upon the application of the ſaid Walter Ewing, the Sheriff ſubſtitute of Lanarkſhire, has appointed Thurſday the 8th of October curt. at twelve o'clock noon, and Thurſday in each of the three ſucceeding weeks, at the ſame hour, within the Court-houſe at Glaſgow, for the public examination of the ſaid William Mudie, his family, and others acquainted with his buſineſs. Of which intimation is hereby given to all concerned.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF EBENEZER M'GEORGE of Cocklick.

THE truſtees for Mr Macgeorge having found it neceſſary to convene his Creditors, in a proceſs of multiplepoinding and exoneration before the Court of Seſſion, which depends before Lord Henderland, Ordinary, hereby give notice, that upon the 8th day of Auguſt laſt, his Lordſhip pronounced the following interlocutor: "Ordains the whole Creditors to produce their reſpective intereſts in the Clerk's hands, betwixt and the 12th day of November next, and appoints intimation hereof to be made by the minute-book, and likewiſe by advertiſement in the Edinburgh Evening Courant, Caledonian Mercury, and Dumfries Journal three times ſucceſſively, in order that the ſame may come to the knowledge of all concerned." In obedience to which this intimation is accordingly given.

M. M. BRUCE Clk.

ESTATE IN AYRSHIRE TO BE SOLD.

THE Lands and Eſtate of SUNDRUM, lying in the pariſh of Coiltown, and ſhire of Ayr, and within four miles of the town of Ayr.

The preſent free rent of this eſtate is above 700 l. Sterling, and will riſe conſiderably upon the expiry of the preſent leaſes. It conſiſ of about 1400 Scots acres.

There is above 100 acres of natural wood, moſtly oak, great part of which is at preſent fit for cutting, and if properly diſtributed into haggs, wood to the value of 150 l. annually might be cut, without diminiſhing the value.

There is beſides about 50 acres of thriving plantations, which are already of value, and add greatly to the beauty of the eſtate.

This eſtate is finely ſituated, has many natural beauties, and as the grounds are already properly dreſſed and laid out, and the plantations all thriving, a purchaſer would be put to no expence in making it a complete place.

For further particulars apply to Francis and John Anderſon, writers to the ſignet.

STIRLINGSHIRE.

THE BARONY of GARGUNNOCK in the ſhire of Stirling, is to be SOLD by auction in the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Thurſday the 26th day of November next, at ſix in the evening.

This eſtate is ſituated on the ſouth banks of the Forth, ſix miles weſt from Stirling, is in good condition, and yet capable of great improvements. The preſent rent is about 600 l. Sterling.

There is a large good houſe, a complete ſet of offices, a garden well ſtocked, a pigeon houſe in high order, and every thing neceſſary for the accommodation of a family.

The eſtate holds of the Crown, and affords qualifications for two freeholds. The patronage of the pariſh alſo belongs to the eſtate, and is to be ſold with it.

The gardener and ſervants at Gargunnock will ſhow the premiſſes, and James Ferrier, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh, will ſhow the title-deeds and articles of ſale, and explain other particulars.

LANDS IN BERWICK-SHIRE.

TO be SOLD by private bargain, The ESTATE of HOUNDWOOD, ſituated in the pariſh of Coldingham; conſiſting of one thouſand one hundred and ſixty-ſix acres, or thereby, the yearly rent whereof is betwixt 400 l. and 500 l. Sterling, and the public burdens amount to 2 l. 9 s. 7 d. 4-12ths. The lands hold of the Crown, and are valued in the ceſs-books of the county at 720 l. 6 s. 3 d. which nearly affords two freehold qualifications.

There is upon the eſtate a pretty large and lodgeable manſion-houſe, with good offices. The farm ſteads are moſtly new covered with tile, and in good repair. There is a conſiderable deal of valuable planting and natural wood upon the eſtate, and its neighbourhood abounds with game. It is delightfully ſituated upon the water of Eye, near to a poſt-office, and within a few miles of the town of Dunſe, and the ſea-ports of Berwick and Eyemouth, where lime and every other means of improvement may be had reaſonably. About 100 acres near the houſe are highly improven and ſubſtantially incloſed, as alſo ſome other parts of the eſtate, with thorn hedge, and ſurrounded with belts of planting, which thrive remarkably well; and the whole is capable of great improvement. There is a brick and tile work, a corn, barley, and flour mill, upon the premiſes. The proprietor has right to the teinds, and the title-deeds are clear and diſtinct.

For further particulars, apply to Keith Dunbar depute-clerk of Seſſion, Edinburgh, or to William Dunbar, Eſq; of Houndwood, who will ſhow the lands.

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